US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

MRID No.: 436781-17

### DATA EVALUATION RECORD § 72-3(A) - ACUTE LC<sub>so</sub> TEST WITH AN ESTUARINE/MARINE FISH

CHEMICAL: Azoxystrobin PC Code No.: 128810

TEST MATERIAL: ICIA5504 <u>Purity</u>: 96.2%

3. <u>CITATION</u>:

S.A. Sankey, S.J. Kent, J.E. Caunter, and Authors:

A.J. Grinell

ICIA5504: Acute Toxicity to Sheepshead Title:

Minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus).

Study Completion Date: July 31, 1992

> Laboratory: Brixham Environmental Laboratory, Zeneca

Ltd., Brixham Devon, UK

Zeneca Inc., Wilmington, DE Sponsor:

Laboratory Report ID: BL4850/B MRID No.: 436781-17

REVIEWED BY:

William Erickson

Biologist

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U/21/96 EEB/EFED/EPA

5. APPROVED BY:

Harry Craven Section Head 4 EEB/EFED/EPA

Date:

6. STUDY PARAMETERS:

Age or Size of Test Organism: 0.57-1.37 g Definitive Test Duration: 96 hours
Study Method: Flow-thro Flow-through

Type of Concentrations: Mean measured

CONCLUSIONS: This study is scientifically sound and fulfills the quideline requirement for an acute toxicity test using an estuarine fish. The 96-hour LC<sub>50</sub> of 0.67 ppm ai classifies azoxystrobin as highly toxic to the sheepshead minnow.

### Results Synopsis

95% C.I.: 0.56-0.80 ppm ai LC<sub>50</sub>: 0.67 ppm ai

Probit Slope: N/A 0.18 ppm ai NOEC:

ADEQUACY OF THE STUDY: Core.

DP Barcode: D217072/D217078

MRID No.: 436781-17

### DATA EVALUATION RECORD § $72-3(\lambda)$ - Acute LC<sub>50</sub> test with $\lambda$ estuarine/marine fish

Azoxistrolin

CHEMICAL: PC Code No.: 129081 128810

TEST MATERIAL: ICIA5504 Purity: 96.2%

CITATION:

Authors: S.A. Sankey, S.J. Kent, J.E. Caunter, and

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DP Barcode: \D217072/D217078

Barbara Herbert, B.S., Associate Scientist, REVIEWED BY:

KBN Engineering/and Applied Sciences, Inc.

Signature: />

Pim Kosalwat, Ph.D., Senior Scientist, KBN Engineering and Applied Sciences, Inc.

1. Kosalwat Signature:

Date: 10/26/95

Date: 10-26 - 95

(Name), Head of Section (#), EEB, EFED APPROVED BY:

Signature:

Date:

STUDY PARAMETERS:

APPROVED BY:

Age or Size/of Test Organism: 0.57-1.37 g

Definitive Test Duration: 96 hours

Study Method: Flow-through

Type of Concentrations:

Mean measured

**CONCLUSIONS:** This study is scientifically sound and fulfills the quideline requirements for an acute toxicity test using an estuarine fish. The 96-hour LC50 of 0.67 ppm ai classifies Sulfentrazone as highly toxic to the sheepshead minnow. The NOEC was 0.18 ppm ai.

Results Synopsis

95% C.I.: 0.56-0.80 ppm avi LC<sub>50</sub>: 0.67 ppm ai

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- 9. **GUIDELINE DEVIATIONS:** None.
- 10. SUBMISSION PURPOSE: New Chemical.

## 11. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

### A. Test Organisms

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Species Preferred species are the sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus) or the silverside (Menidia spp.).	Cyprinodon variegatus
<u>Mean Weight</u> 0.5-5 g	0.93 g
Mean Standard Length Longest not > 2x shortest	Mean: 33 mm Range: 28-36 mm
Supplier	Sea Plantations Inc., Salem, MA, USA.
All fish from same source?	Yes
All fish from the same year class?	Not reported.

## B. Source/Acclimation

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
<u>Acclimation Period</u> Minimum 7 days	15 days
Wild caught organisms were quarantined for 7 days?	N/A
Were there signs of disease or injury?	Reported in "good condition."
If treated for disease, was there no sign of the disease remaining during the 48 hours prior to testing?	N/A
<u>Feeding</u> No feeding during the study	Not fed during the 48 hours prior to or during testing.

Gui <b>deline</b> Criteria	Reported Information		
<pre>Pretest Mortality &lt; 3% mortality 48 hours prior to testing</pre>	<1% mortality in the 48 hours prior to testing.		

## C. Test System

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information	
Source of dilution water Reconstituted seawater or seawater from a natural source.	Filtered seawater.	
Does water support test ani- mals without observable signs of stress?	Yes	
Salinity 30-34 % Salinity Weekly range should not deviate by more than 6%.	Salinity measured during the test was 35.0-35.2‰.	
Water Temperature 22°C	21.8-21.9°C	
<pre>pH Monthly range must not deviate by more than 0.8 unit. Euryhaline: 7.7-8.0 Stenohaline: 8.0-8.3</pre>	7.82-8.07	
Dissolved Oxygen Static: ≥ 60% during 1st 48 hrs and ≥ 40% during 2nd 48 hrs, flow-through: ≥ 60%	79-90% of saturation during the test.	
Test Aquaria  1. Material: Glass or stainless steel  2. Size: Volume of 18.9 L (5 gal) or 30 x 60 x 30 cm  3. Fill volume: 15-30 L of solution	Glass 61 x 30.5 x 31 cm 45 L	
Type of Dilution System  Must provide reproducible supply of toxicant	Continuous flow diluter with mixing chambers.	

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Flow Rate Consistent flow rate of 5-10 vol/24 hours, meter systems calibrated before study and checked twice daily during test period	8 volume replacements/day
Biomass Loading Rate Static: ≤ 0.8 g/L at ≤ 17°C, ≤ 0.5 g/L at > 17°C; flow- through: ≤ 1 g/L/day	Instantaneous loading rate of 0.41 g/L.
<pre>Photoperiod 16 hours light, 8 hours dark</pre>	16 hours light, 8 hours dark
Solvents Not to exceed 0.5 mL/L for static tests or 0.1 mL/L for flow-through tests	DMF, 0.1 mL/L.

# D. Test Design

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Range Finding Test  If LC <sub>50</sub> >100 mg/L with 30 fish, then no definitive test is required.	None reported.
Nominal Concentrations of Definitive Test Control & 5 treatment levels; dosage should be 60% of the next highest concentration; concentrations should be in a geometric series	Each test concentration was approximately 56-57% of the next highest concentration (0.18, 0.32, 0.56, 1.0, 1,8, and 3.2 mg ai/L).
Number of Test Organisms Minimum 10/level for static test, 20/level for flow- through, may be divided among containers	20 per level
Test organisms randomly or impartially assigned to test vessels?	Yes

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Biological observations made every 24 hours?	Yes
<pre>Water Parameter Measurements 1. Temperature   Measured constantly or, if   water baths are used, every   6 hrs, may not vary &gt; 1°C 2. DO and pH   Measured at beginning of   test and ever 48 h in the   high, medium, and low doses   and in the control</pre>	<ol> <li>Temperature was monitored continuously in the dilution water and measured daily in all chambers.</li> <li>DO and pH were measured daily in all chambers.</li> </ol>
Chemical Analysis Needed if solutions were aerated, if chemical was volatile, insoluble, or known to absorb, if precipitate formed, if containers were not steel or glass, or if flow- through system was used	Yes, solutions collected and analyzed at 0, 24, 48, 72, and 96 hours.

## 12. REPORTED RESULTS:

## A. General Results

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Quality assurance and GLP compliance statements were included in the report?	Yes
Recovery of Chemical	Mean recovery of 93-110%.
Control Mortality Not more than 10% control organisms may die or show abnormal behavior.	0% mortality in both the dilution water control and in the solvent control.
Raw data included?	Yes
Signs of toxicity (if any) were described?	Yes, signs observed above 0.33 mg/L level.

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### Mortality

Concentration (ppm)			Cumulative Number Dead			
	Nu			Hour of	Study	
Nominal	Mean Measured	Fish	24	48	72	96
Control	<0.0051	20	0	0	0	0
Sol. Cont.	<0.0051	20	0	0	0	0
0.18	0.18	20	0	0	0	0
0.32	0.33	20	0	1	1.	. 1
0.56	0.60	20	0	0	0	2
1.0	1.1	20	0	6	14	20
1.8	1.8	20	4	20	20	20
3.2	3.0	20	20	20	20	20

Other Significant Results: Fish exposed at all but the two lowest treatment levels demonstrated signs of toxicity which included quiescence, surfacing, sounding, loss of balance, and irregular respiration.

### B. Statistical Results

Method: Moving Average Angle (based on mean measured concentrations)

96-hr LC<sub>50</sub>: 0.66 ppm ai Probit Slope: N/A 95% C.I.: 0.56-0.78 ppm ai

NOEC: 0.33 ppm ai

### 13. VERIFICATION OF STATISTICAL RESULTS:

<b>Parameter</b>	Result'
Binomial Test LC <sub>50</sub> (C.I.)	0.76 (0.6 - 1.1) ppm ai
Moving Average Angle LC <sub>50</sub> (95% C.I.)	0.67 (0.56 - 0.80) ppm ai
Probit LC <sub>50</sub> (95% C.I.)	0.72 (not determined) ppm ai
Probit Slope	8.10
NOEC	0.18 ppm ai

results based on mean measured concentrations.

14. REVIEWER'S COMMENTS: Fish used in the test were treated with 200 ppm formalin ten days before testing. This treatment did not impact the results of the study since mortality was <1% during the 48 hrs prior to testing, the fish were reported as in good health at the initiation of the test, and no fish in the dilution water control group died or showed signs of toxic symptoms.

This study is scientifically sound, fulfills the guideline requirements, and is classified as CORE. Based on mean measured concentrations, the 96-hour LC<sub>50</sub> was determined to be 0.67 ppm ai, which classifies azoxystrobin as highly toxic to the sheepshead minnow. The NOEC was determined to be 0.18 ppm ai based on lack of toxic symptoms and mortality at this test level.

Barbara Herbert Sulfentrazone Cyprinodon Variegatus 10-24-95

NUMBER EXPOSED	NUMBER DEAD	PERCENT DEAD	BINOMIAL PROB. (PERCENT)
20	20	100	9.536742E-05
20	20	100	9.536742E-05
20	20	100	9.536742E-05
20	2	10	2.012253E-02
20	1	5	2.002716E-03
20	0,	0	9.536742E-05
	EXPOSED 20 20 20 20 20	EXPOSED DEAD 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 1	EXPOSED         DEAD         DEAD           20         20         100           20         20         100           20         20         100           20         2         10           20         1         5

THE BINOMIAL TEST SHOWS THAT .6 AND 1.1 CAN BE USED AS STATISTICALLY SOUND CONSERVATIVE 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS, BECAUSE THE ACTUAL CONFIDENCE LEVEL ASSOCIATED WITH THESE LIMITS IS GREATER THAN 95 PERCENT.

AN APPROXIMATE LC50 FOR THIS SET OF DATA IS .7607427

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE MOVING AVERAGE METHOD

SPAN G LC50 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS

4 5.135013E-02 .667974 .5618553 .8043816

RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE PROBIT METHOD

ITERATIONS G H GOODNESS OF FIT PROBABILITY

9 1.542603 4.478536 1.282573E-03

SINCE THE PROBABILITY IS LESS THAN 0.05, RESULTS CALCULATED USING THE PROBIT METHOD PROBABLY SHOULD NOT BE USED.

SLOPE = 8.099941 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS =-1.960314 AND 18.1602

LC50 = .7159981 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS = 0 AND +INFINITY